State of Maryland Tries to Force a

TRIAL AT HAGERSTOWN TODAY

General Belief That Judge Stake Will Not Order Sale.

GREAT FALLS PURCHASE Judges Ralston, Martin and Stevenson.

As soon as the case was called Counsel Johnson apprised the court that late yesterday afternoon the defense had filed an

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. HAGERSTOWN, Md., April 20.-In the circuit court for Washington county the Chesapeake and Ohio canal case was taken up before Judge Stake today. The petition of John K. Cowen and other surviving Dale of the latter body withdrawing the of John K. Cowen and other surviving trustees praying the court to extend to May 1, 1906, the contract under which they operate the canal was argued at length, Hugh L. Bond, jr., and J. Clarence Lane represented the trustees and Attorney General Isidore Rayner the state of Maryland.

Attorney General Rayner urged the sale of the canal without further delay, claiming there had been utter and absolute default in the execution of the decree of the court by the trustees. He argued that a further extension of the contract and the failure of the court to order the sale of the canal meant the complete annihilation of the state's interest.

The plainting case commenced by the Lajoie to the stand, and Attorney Johnson examined the second baseman. The player was asked to identify several contracts

He scored the trustees for failing to make proper reports to the court, and characterized the Chesapeake and Ohio Transportation Company of Washington county as a Year of 1900, in which the face of the conbe handed down in perpetuity to the trust-ees. General Rayner thought it was the duty of the court to order carried into cf-He regarded the operation of the canal by the trustees during the past ten as a most disastrous failure, with traffic

constantly decreasing. He thought if the canal were kept going until the judgment day it would never pay the interest on the bonds of 1844 and 1878.

It is generally regarded that trustees represent all interests, but in the case of the canal the trustees are hostile to the inter-ests of the state of Maryland, argued Mr. Rayner. In his closing remarks he said a better name for the Chesapeake and Ohio Transportation Company would be the Bal-timore and Ohio Transportation Company. Attorney Bond said the state's interest in the canal had been completely annihiliated in the eyes of the respective attorney generals of Maryland every time the question had come up before the court. He said it was a well-known and accepted fact that the state would never get anything out of the canal unless itwas sold, but he thought. Mr. Bond characterized the action of the

state as a disgrace, saying its interest had been temporarily waived in the interest of the bondholders, and yet it was constantly injuring the canal by agitating its sale. Judge Stake will render a written opinion in the matter.

Think It Will Not Be Sold. The impression prevails among many of

the leading business men of Hagerstown and western Maryland that the canal will not pass from the power of those now managing its affairs. The petition for the ratification of the sale of certain property and franchises by the trustees of the canal to the Great Falls Power Company for \$75,000 was considered by Judge Stake, who said he would hold the ratification open for several days before formally passing the order.

The sale was indorsed by the trustees, and no objection made by the state. At-torney George Whitelock of Baltimore was present in the interest of the Great Falls Company, Joseph W. Hazell made ormal objection to the sale as a citizen of laryland. He said he represented a syndicate of eastern capitalists ready to \$100,000 for the property. Judge Sta e intimated that he would ratify the sale to the Great Falls Power Company, but might place certain limitations on it.

Influence of the Railroad.

While the retention of the Chesapeake and Ohio canal in its present hands will mean that neither the West Virginia Central, the Western Maryland or the Philadelphia and Reading railroad companies will very soon have an opportunity to tween Cumberland and Hagerstown, it is one the less true, it is asserted, that the West Virginia Central wants to get a line eastern terminus, to Hagerstown, while the ies from its western terminus at Cherry Run, W. Va., on the Baltimore and Ohio, to Cumberland. The Philadelphia and Reading now runs its own passenger trains into Hagerstown from Harrisurg, thus competing with the Cumberland ey, which is owned by the Pennsylvania company between those points. The Philadelphia and Reading, in conjunction with the Western Maryland, is doing an mmense freight business between Cherry Run and points north and east, and there are hauled daily over the Western Mary-land, between Cherry Run and Shippensburg, Pa., where it is taken full charge of by the Philadelphia and Reading, an average of 1,200 loaded freight great has this trade become that the Reading recently constructed a yard at Shipwhich contains fifteen miles of tracks, and the Western Maryland is preparing to lay eight additional tracks in eir already large yard at Hagerstown Large additions are also to be made to the rolling stock of the two roads, and there have been purchased jointly, it is said, by the Western Maryland and Philadelphia and Reading, forty locomotives largest and latest type, most of which are to be delivered in Hagerstown in the course of a few weeks. They will be used, it is understood, for the moving of freight trains exclusively, and will only be operated between Cherry Run and Shippensburg.

West Virginia Central Plans.

Some of the officials of the West Virginia Central who were approached on the subject replied that there was a time when their road would have liked to build a railway on the towpath of the canal, but now their relations with connecting lines were so pleasant that the original idea had been abandoned. On the other hand, it is known that the West Virginia Central cople have bought entire large farms bordering on the canal between Hagerstown secured options on a great deal of similar Williamsport and Cumberland. The com pany has also had several routes surveyed between Hagerstown and Cumberland at result of each has been, it is claimed, to develop that the only practicable routes between those points is via the towpath of the canal, or the one now by the Baltimore and Ohio, the acquisition of which latter one is, of course, out of the question. The same conclusion was, it is said, recently reached by ployed by the Philadelphia and Reading for the purpose of looking into the matter, but who while making his surveys did not refute the report when asked concerning it that he was working in the interests of the Western Maryland road. The great stumbling block in the way of getting a new line to Cumberland from Cherry Rut elevation which is called Iron Mountain which is composed in the main of solid rock which could only be tunneled at such great cost as to make the average railroad The key to the situation so far as the and Philadelphia and Reading are concerned seems to be in the hands of the city of Baltimore. It is believed by many usually well-posted men that the three ing preparations to develop their traffic in coal and other products, and that when the Western Maryland is sold, if it ever hall be, it will be the Philadelphia and which will be very willing to West Virginia Central get to

tide-water. This much is assured, it is said, that if the city of Baltimore disposes

of the road it will be purchased by friends of Mr. John M. Hood, the present presi-

taken to mean that the Philadelphia and

(Continued on Tenth Page.)

C. AND O. CANAL CASE LAJOIE'S CASE IN COURT AT THE WHITE HOUSE DENIED BYTOMR. RICHARDS BELIEF OF OFFICIALS

TRIAL OF INJENCTION SUIT IN PHILADELPHIA. Editor Rosewater Talks on Nebraska Politics. The Ball Player Told of His Contract

With the National League

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 20.-The

uits in equity against Napoleon Lajoie,

Charles Fraser and William Bernard, play-

ers of the American League club, and the

American League club was opened in com-

mon pleas court No. 5 this morning before

additional petition, which necessarily re-

quired that the former demurrer must be

withdrawn. Attorney Johnson thereupon

applied for an injunction against Lajole alone, restraining hi mfrom playing with

former demurrer without argument, and

The case, which has attracted widespread

President Shibe, Cornelius MacGillicuddy, known as Connie Mack, and Frank L.

Hough, president, manager and agent of the American League, who are the defend-

ants in the damage suits instituted by the

which covered each year of his services with the Philadelphia Base Ball Club. La-

jole admitted that each contract was au-

tract only showed an amount of \$2,400,

acting in direct violation of the salary limit as provided for by the National

Lajoie testified that upon joining the

Philadelphia club he was paid \$1,800, and that his salary increased each year, the club paying him \$2,000, \$2,100 and \$2,600.

Lajoie told of the offer made him this year by Manager Shettsline. It was stated

that he was offered \$3,200 to play second

base on the local National League team. Lajole admitted having signed an American

League contract on February 14 for a sal-

Attorney Johnson tried to obtain from the ball player an admission that he was the peer of any player on the diamond, and that his services could not be replaced

Lajoie behaved himself admirably on the

stand and did not commit himself. He made a favorable impression on the court and

those present. Manager Shettsline was

then called, and when he left the stand he

had proved a better witness for the defense

ARRIVALS ON THE GRANT.

A Large Numer of Officers Reported

by Gen. Shafter.

Gen. Shafter has notified the War Depart-

ment that the following military passengers

fantry-Lieuts. Sullivan and McGregor and

men and the following officers; Col. Hardin,

mand, Clark, Screws, Wheatley, Holley, Ar-

Culver, Griffith, Brandt

The following deaths occurred during the

Instant, recurrent dysentery.

heard of it.

voyage: Private Fred S. Ovitt, M. 14th In-

Mr. Morgan Has No Heart Trouble.

States in regard to his suffering from heart

disease. He said it was the first he had

Commander Rodgers' New Duty.

tached from duty as a member of the gen-

BONA-FIDE CIRCULATION.

A reference to the statement be-

low will show that the circulation

It is easily possible for a news-

paper with an elastic conscience to

swell its legitimate circulation enor-

mously, in order to deceive adver-

tisers, by sending out thousands of

papers to newsstands which are re-

turnable, and which are, in fact, re-

turned, but nevertheless are in-

cluded in what purports to be an

Intelligent advertisers, however,

The family circulation of The Star

is many thousands in excess of any

Circulation of The "Evening Star."

I solemnly swear that the above statement

represents only the number of copies of

THE EVENING STAR circulated during

the six secular days ending Friday, April

19, 1901-that is, the number of copies ac-

tually sold, delivered, furnished or mailed,

for valuable consideration, to bona-fide pur-

chasers or subscribers, and that the copies

so counted are not returnable to or remain

Cashler. The Evening Star Newspape

twentieth day of April. A. D. 1901.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this

GEORGE E. TRALLES,

J. WHIT. HERRON.

Notary Public, D. C.

.32.627

..32,620

...201.906

judge by results, and bogus circula-

honest statement of circulation.

other Washington paper.

WEDNESDAY, April 17, 1901.....

THURSDAY, April 18, 1901

MONDAY, April 15, 1901 ...

TUESDAY, April 16, 1901

FRIDAY, April 19, 1901

Company.

Commander R. P. Rodgers has been de-

than he had for the plaintiff.

the interested spectators.

League.

by the Phillies.

the injunction case against Lajoie was be-

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

CANDIDATES FOR A JUDGESHIP

Proposed Regular Transport Line to Manila.

TODAY'S APPOINTMENTS

Edward Rosewater of Omaha, a conspicuous candidate for senator in the recent senatorial fight in Nebraska, was one of the President's visitors this morning. Mr. Rosewater will be in Washington several days and will meet the two new senators-J. H. Millard and Gov. Charles A. Dietrich-when they come here on Tuesday. Governor Dietrich will retire from the guinterest among legal talent, drew a great crowd and the court room was uncomfortably crowded. Nearly every lawyer of prominence was on hand to listen to the argument of Attorneys Johnson and Dale. bernatorial chair on May 1, and will be succeeded by Lieutenant Governor Savage. Senators Millard and Dietrich are coming here for a consultation with the President and to look after office affairs pertaining to their state.

President McKinley congratulated Mr Rosewater on the outcome of the long fight Philadelphia Base Ball Club, were among in his state. "When I was here in December last," said the Omaha editor, "I told the President that we would elect two republican senators, and that I would not permit my candidacy to stand in the way of this. There is little political agitation in Nebraska at this time. Of course, we have Mr. Bryan with us, and he will always be a factor in the politics of our thentic with the exception of that for the

Election This Fall.

"Our election this fall will be for a supreme court judge and two regents of the state university. We have three supreme court judges, two of them being populists. It is a successor to the republican judge that we will elect this fall. There is a possibility of an extra session of the legislature this fall to consider amendments to the constitution, one being an increase in the number of supreme court judges from three to five, with the question of increasing their salary, and other matters of importance, such as revenue and taxation.
"There will also be the subject of congressional and judicial reapportionment. The last session of the legislature was so badly tangled in other things that it falled to make a congressional reapportionment. It likewise did nothing about reapportioning the legislature. The law requires that this shall be done at the first regular session after a census has been taken. Unless the state takes a census of its own in five years, the legislature will

longer.
"Omaha would gain so largely by a revision of the legislature that there, is much opposition to it among some members. The egislature has not been changed for fifteen

stand as now made up for ten years

Candidates for a Judgeship.

State Senators Miller and May and Messrs. Scott and Williams of West Virginia were presented to the President today arrived on the Grant: Company A, 26th Inby Senators Elkins and Scott. State Senator May, who is from Wayne county, and 79 enlisted men; 29th Infantry-866 enlisted Mr. Williams, from Greenbrier county, are candidates for judge of the new federal dis-Surgeon Anderson, Capts. Stern, Lovell, trict of West Virginia. The two senators have not yet agreed upon a candidate, but will probably reach a

Wilcoxon, Kenan, Hill, Paul, Longstreet, Fuqua and Faulkner, Lieuts. Brown, Alconclusion in a short time.

Ex-Senator Lindsay and Judge Walter nold, Grinstead, Patterson, Kimbrough, Evans of Kentucky made a short call on the President. They stated that they had Carson, Wells, Moorman, Persons, Miller, Borham, Pike, Perkins, Renziehausen, and not talked over the Kentucky judgeship Doctor Sanford; 32d Infantry-666 enlisted men and the following officers: Col. Craig. with the President. The kaleidoscopic changes in this fight have apparently brought Mr. Cochran to the front, and it Majors Cabell and Henry, Capts. Rumbold, a la now the m didate for the judgeship.

stead, Comfort, Sevier, Lieuts, Dennis Whitsett, Werner, Miller, Gilespie, Caldwell, Shook, Schaeffer, Clopton, Wade, Mowry, Crawford, Morrison, Armitage; Maj. Mc-Kenna, 46th Infantry; Maj. Gilbert, paymaster, Lieut, Cal A Regular Line to Manila George H. Newhall, president of the San Francisco chamber of commerce: George master, Lieut. Col. Starr, 11th Cavalry; W. McNear and Andrew Carrigan of the Capts. Fuller, 9th Cavalry, and Thornburn, same body, talked with the President to-39th Infantry; Lieut, Jagnetty, 41st Inday about his trip to San Francisco and fantry; 3 contract surgeons, 3 nurses, 2 civilian clerks, 12 Hospital Corps men, 10 about the establishment of a regular govenlisted men volunteers, 5 discharged sol-diers, 125 sick soldiers, 6 general prisoners. ernment transport line from San Francisco to Manila. They talked with Secretary Root as to the transport matter. The business people of the Pacific coast hope fantry, 5th instant, dysentery, chronic; Private Walter Hobbs, C. 29th Infantry, 6th to see the government operating a transport service of its own vessels.

one of the President's visitors accompanied by Mr. Gerard A. Lowther, PARIS, April 20 .- J. Pierpont Morgan, first secretary of the British embassy, was who arrived here last evening, with his received by the President in the blue room. Lord Pauncefote presented his new creden son, J. Pierpont Morgan, jr., is visibly antials, signed by King Edward. noyed at the report circulated in the United

Governor of Oklahoma. President McKinley today made the following appointments:

Interior-William M. Jenkins of Oklahoma territory, to be governor of Oklahoma ter-ritory. James W. Reynolds of New Mexico, to be secretary of the territory of New Mexico.

eral board and ordered to duty as equipment officer of the New York navy yard. Several Pardons Granted. The President today granted a pardon to

Benjamin J. Hamm, who was convicted in Illinois in 1809 of using the mails in a scheme to defraud, and sentenced to serve two years in the Dupage county jail. On November 20 last Hamm, having shown signs of mental derangement, was brought to this city and lodged in St. Elizabeth's Insane Asylum. It is said that at one time Hamm undertook to corner the turkey market, and this fact called public attention to his mental condition, although he was not interfered with. He is said to be a man of the highest character, and his friends do not doubt that his using the

loss of mental vigor.

Mr. Hamm is said to be rapidly improving in health, but although he receives a full pardon he will be retained in the asyum until he has fully recovered. it five years ago of embezzling \$800 of the funds of the National Bank of Catlettsburg, Ky., for which he was sentenced to a term of five years in prison. His sentence

Local Company to Erect an Eight-

Story Structure.

would have expired very soon. NEW BUSINESS BUILDING.

Property on the south side of E street Delivery Company, where a spacious firechants' Transfer and Storage Company, the

northwest. A controlling motive in selecting the new site was its convenience and accessibility in the heart of the central section of the city, which will be of advantage to the company as well-as to its patrons. The proposed building is to cover 12,000 square feet of ground and will be eight stories high and of the most modern and approved type of fireproof construction. It will have a frontage of 45 feet, will the lines of the ground, will widen out to

85 feet to a broad alley.

The contract for erecting this great structure will be carried out by the Geo. A. Fuller Company, the builders of The Star building and of the new Willard Hotel.

signing of the structure to providing the best facilities for the storage of household goods, and, in fact, for every description of property that requires safe and cleanly quarters. In addition, superior facilities will be secured for handling the special line of business of this company—the delivery of parcels and all classes of goods offered for transportation in and about the city.

The proposed new building, while of large proportions, is required by the expanding business of the company. A beginning was made in a small way ten years ago, when the company started in business with three

and three wagons. Now 125 horses

and 75 wagons are in use.

AYS THAT HIS BRIEF DID NOT GO OUTSIDE! THE RECORD.

Reply to the Motion Recently Made by Counsel for Captain Carter in . the Supreme Court.

Solicitor General Richards today filed in he United States Supreme Court a reply to the motion made by the counsel of Capt Carter to strike from the files of the court as "irrelevant and scandalous" the solic itor general's brief in opposition to Carter's motion to be admitted to bail pending the decision of his appeal in his habeas corpus proceedings.

Mr. Richards denies that he went outside the record in his case, and asserts that he always tries to observe strictly the rules of the court requiring counsel to confine himself to the facts of record in the discussion of a case. He sets forth that Carter's application for ball is supported by affidavits of physicians to the effect that the isoner's health is impaired, and this, Mr. Richards says, is not only entirely outside

the record, but is false.

Mr. Richards also declares that Carter's counsel went outside the record in the appeal case in averring that Carter is an innocent man and wants to be released in order to be tried in the criminal case in Georgia. He adds that to demonstrate the falsity of this last statement it was neces sary for the solicitor general to state what the government has done in prosecuting the indictment against Carter and others

in the federal courts of Georgia.
"The facts stated," he continues, "appear in the documentary evidence presented by the government to the United States commissioner in New York upon the hearing of the application for the removal of Greene and the Gaynors to Georgia for trial upon the criminal indictment. If counsel is un-aware of this, it is because he has not consulted with the gentlemen who represented Carter on the former hearings before this court, and are now representing Carter's coconspirators in the bitter fight they are making against being removed to Georgia

Right to Disprove Ascertions. "Believing, from the facts in his posses sion, that Carter wants to get out neither for his health's sake nor in order to be tried upon the criminal charge in Georgia, the solicitor general has laid before the court the facts which, in his opinion, make clear the real object of this application. not his belief that a convicted criminal may assail the government he has defrauded, and assert on oath whatever he pleases in support of his application to be released from punishment, while the representative of the government before this court must stand mute and permit the charges and statements, however reckless and false, to

Concluding, the solicitor general says: to say in conclusion that the only feature which entitled it to notice was its audacity. Its supposed reasons were worthless; its alleged facts wholly without support. Taken at its best, the argument amounted to this: That Carter, having been convicted by one tribunal, should be released on bailand thus while at large serve out a sen-tence already justly imposed—in order that he may be tried before another tribunal. Time enough for him to be released for another trial when he has served out his pres ent sentence."

ARCHITECT POST SUMMONED.

Conference to Be Held Regarding the Department of Justice Building. Attorney General Knox has requested George B. Post, the New York architect, to come here next Wednesday for the purpose of a conference as to a new building for the Department of Justice. Mr. Knox intends to acquaint himself with the situation and may later take some action. The matter, it will be remembered, stands about where it was left by Attorney General priation, minus considerable expenditure for rented buildings and other purposes, is still available for a new building, but Mr. to undertake the work on this appropriation or not. He may conclude to take the position of Attorney General Griggs and attempt to do nothing with the inadequate appropriation in hand

PUTTING ACCOUNTS INTO SHAPE. Auditor Lawshe Does Not Intimate

That Any Discrepancies Exist. A letter was received from A. L. Lawshe M. H. De Young of San Francisco was at the War Department today which gives some account of the progress of the work placed in his charge as auditor of the Philippines. He says that gradually the accounts are being brought into shape, and the accounting hereafter will be upon a basis more satisfactory to the government. There is no reference to any distimation that there is anything wrong except in the system heretofore employed. It has been decided to place all the acunts of the civil government under the

Orders Relative to Uniforms.

Lieut. Gen. Miles, commanding the army, has issued the following orders relative to the uniforms to be worn by contract sur-

and field uniform of an assistant surgeon with the rank of first lieutenant, the shoulder straps and ornaments to be in silver instead of gold.

Contract dental surgeons will be permitted to wear the undress and field uniform of an assistant surgeon with the rank of first lieutenant, the straps and ornaments to be in silver instead of gold, and block nails as he did was directly due to his letters "D.S." in silver embroidery to be placed between the bars of the shoulder straps. Veterinarians will wear the undress and

field uniform of a second lieutenant of cavalry or artillery, according to arm of service, omitting the shoulder straps; collar The President has also pardoned Hoyt custer, who was convicted in Kentucky metal.

TO SUCCEED MR. CHAMBERLIN.

E. B. Moore, It is Expected, Will Be Made Assistant Commissioner. The President is expected to appoint within a few days, an assistant commissioner of patents to succeed Walter H. Chamberlin, whose resignation is to take between 9th and 10th streets northwest is effect May 1. The outlook is favorable to to be purchased by the Merchants' Parcel Edwin B. Moore of Grand Rapids, a principal examiner in the patent office. It is proof structure is to be erected, which will understood that his commission has been be the home of this concern. When this made out and is ready for the President's building is completed, the company, which | signature. Mr. Moore has the indorsement intends to change its name to the Mer- of Senators McMillan and Burrows.

Mr. Moore was born in Maine and apbetter to express the enlarged scope of its pointed to the examining corps of the activities, will remove to the new location patent office June 22, 1883. His legal resifrom its present quarters, 929-931 D street dence is given in the department register as Kent county. Michigan. He passed through the various grades in the examining corps to the rank of a principal ex-

The classes of invention under his juris-The classes of invention under his jurisdiction are accountements, advertising devices, baggage, bundle carriers, educational appliances, fluid pressure regulators, games and toys, packing and storing vessels, buckles, buttons and classes.

Mr. Moore is regarded by his associates in the patent office as qualified for the position to which it is understood he will be appointed.

Cruise of the Naval Cadets.

The itinerary of the naval cadets' summer cruise has been approved by the Navy Department officials. The cruise will be in the same waters as that of last year, but the cadets will go much farther north, Halifax, Nova Scotia, being one of the points that will be visited. The ships Chesapeake and Indiana will leave Annapolis for the cruise June 1, returning on August 27 fol-

Socialists Will Strike May Day. BARCELONA, April 20.-The socialists have decided to celebrate May day with a general strike. The anarchists have refused to co-operate with them.

Aguinaldo's Manifesto Likely to End Armed Resistance.

DOCUMENT HAD BEEN DULY STUDIES

Release of Prisoners Directed by the President.

THE ADMINISTRATION'S PLAN

Great results are expected to follow the promulgation of Aguinaldo's manifesto. The officials of the War Department, many of whom have hitherto minimized the importance of the capture of the insurgent leader, are now almost unanimous in the belief that his action will result in terminating all further armed resistance to the authority of the United States. The action of Gen. MacArthur in the wholesale liberation of Filipino prisoners is also expected to contribute materially to that desirable end.

Signed Several Days Ago.

It appears that Aguinaldo signed the manifestoseveral days ago, and that a copy of it has been in possession of the officials of the War Department for the past ten days. No explanation is given for the delay in its promulgation, but it is a natural inference that the administration officials desired to make a careful study of the paper before it should be published broad-cast to the world. It is also understood that the War Department desired to obtain the views of the Philippine commission as to the expediency of promulgating the manifesto at this time. As President Taft of the commission was absent from Manila the correspondence with him was attended with some slight delay.

Release of Prisoners. The release of 1,000 insurgent prisoners which followed the publication of Aguinal do's address, was authorized by the Presi dent. That action will undoubtedly have considerable influence with the insurgents still in arms against the United States, and is expected to result in the acceptance by most of them of the terms of the amnesty proclamation which expires on the 1st

The disposition of Aguinaldo is still settled. In view of his compliance with the wishes of the War Department, it is expected that he will shortly be released and given the same privileges accorded all other Filipinos who have acknowledged allegiance to the United States.

There seems to be no good reason to doubt the sincerity of his conversion and his desire for a termination of hostilities and for the beginning of a reign of peace.

and for the beginning of a reign of peace and prosperity in the archipelago under the government of the United States.

As has been already stated, the plan of the administration is to transfer the government of the Philippines from the mili-tary to the civil authorities on the 1st of July next, with Judge Taft as the first governor of the islands and Gen. Chaffee as commander-in-chief of the military forces.

PROPOSALS RECEIVED.

Contractors Compete for Sewer Work and Public Construction. The following proposals were received by the District Commissioners today: Sewers-

67 cents; class 6, 61 cents; sewer C, class 1, \$1; class 2, \$12; class 3, 99 cents; class 4, 85 5, \$8; class 6, 74 cents. M. F. Mc-Namara & Co., sewer A, class 1, 48 cents: class 2. \$12.72: class 3. 79 cents: sewer B, class 1, 60 cents: class 2 \$2.50; class 3, \$12.75; class 4, 78 cents; class 5, 60 cents; class 6, 53 cents; sewer C, class . 75 cents. John Jacoby, sewer C, class 1 35 cents; class 2, \$10.50; class 3, \$1; class 4, 85 cents. James A. Coyle, sewer A, class 1, 55 cents; class 2, \$11; class 3, 65 cents; 3. \$11; class 4, 70 cents; class 5, 58 cents A, class 1, 43 cents; class 2, \$12 ass 3, 60 cents; sewer B, class 70 cents; class 2, \$6; class 3, \$12; class 4, 60 cents: class 5, 49 cents: class 6, 43 cents sewer D, class 1, 55 cents; class 2, \$10.25; class 3, \$17; class 4, \$5.25; class 5, \$7.85. class 1, 80 cents; class 2, \$10.25; class 3 70 cents; class 4, 55 cents; sewer D, class 1, 62 cents; class 2, \$10.50; class 3, \$17.25; class 4, \$5; class 5, \$7.50; class 6, 70 M. F. Talty, sewer A, class 1, 69 cents; class 2, \$13.50; class 3, 45 cents; sewer B, class 1, 69 cents; class 2, \$3; class 3, \$14; class 4, 45 cents; class 5, 38 cents; class 0 cents; sewer C, class 1, 69 cents; class 2, \$14; class 3, 65 cents; class 4, 45 cents; sewer D, class 1, 69 cents; class 2, \$14

For four-room school house grounds of the Industrial Home School, Tenleytown road: Plumbing—S. S. Shedd & Bro., \$1,494; Ed. J. Hannan, \$1,450. For house—Noble H. Thomas, bid No. 1, \$20, 664; No. 2, \$19,164, without plumbing, or \$1,500 for plumbing; H. E. Burgess, No. 1, \$19,033; No. 2, 17,333, or \$1,700 for plumbing; Pavarini & Greer, \$18,300, or \$16,800 without plumbing; Gleeson & Humphrey, \$19,700, or \$18,250 without plumbing.

class 3, \$22; class 4, \$5; class 5, \$6; class 6

Grading and paving Bladensburg road with asphalt—Barber Asphalt Company, grading, 63 cents; paving, 98 cents; setting granite curb, 24 cents, and asphalt, \$1.80 Cranford Paving Company, grading, 60 cents; paving, 95 cents; setting granite curb, 24 cents; asphalt, \$1.95. In addition to these proposals a number were received for the sale of sites for four of the new school houses. quire, however, several days to tabulate

JUDGE COLE'S SUCCESSOR.

Committee of the Bar Recommend Mr. Leighton. A committee from the District bar, rep-

resenting the friends of Benjamin F. Leigh ton, had a long conference with the Presi dent today, during which the claims of Mr. Leighton for the judgeship to succeed Judge Cole were earnestly and ably presented. The strongest feature of the presentation was the enthusiasm and earnestness of the delegation. The President was made to feel that the committee was not performing a merely perfunctory duty. The delegation was composed of Frank

T. Browning, chairman; Jesse H. Wilson, William E. Edmonston, John Ridout, J. B. Cotton, Henry P. Blair, Charles A. Douglass. Percival M. Brown, Alex. H. Bell, Wilton J. Lambert, Conrad H. Syme, A. E. L. Leckie, W. H. Sholes and W. W. Millan. Mr. Browning was the spokesman for the delegation, although before the interview was concluded short talks had been made John Ridout, Judge Cotton-and others, Mr. the local bar. This number, he said, represented three-fourths or five-sixths of the active members of the local bar. He declared that all the signers were strongly hopeful that Mr. Leighton, whose qualificacould not be disputed, would be appointed. During the course of the interview the

President inquired whether the appointment of General Anderson would be satisfactory Mr. Browning answered that while the signers of Mr. Leighton's petition were not opposed to General Anderson, his selection would not be as agreeable as Mr. Leigh-He indicated that a distinct feeling of disappointment would be felt in the appointment of any one other than Mr. Leighton. Other than this incident there was no indication of the President's in-

prominent member of the local bar, repre-senting a number of influential practi-tioners, urged the appointment of Gen.

2 per cents, registered. 1084, 2 per cents, coupon. 1084, 3 per cents, registered, 1908-1928. 1104, 4 per cents, registered, 1908-1928. 11114, 4 per cents, registered, 1907. 1133, 4 per cents, registered, 1907. 1133, 4 per cents, registered, 1925. 1384, 4 per cents, registered, 1925. 1384, 5 per cents, coupon, 1935. 1394, 5 per cents, registered, 1904. 1104, 5 per cents, coupon, 1904. 1114, 5 per cents, coupon, 1908-1928. 1104, 5 per cents, coupon, 1908-1 Steamship Arrival. At New York-Patricia, from Hamburg.

AFFAIRS IN GEORGETOWN.

Dramatic Club Gives an Entertain-An entertainment by the Linthicum Dramatic Club was given last evening at Linthicum Hall. A program, embracing two farces, was presented, the amateurs winning applause by their clever work. After the plays the floor was cleared and dancing indulged in, continuing until midnight.

"A Pair of Gloves," a farce in one act, was the curtain raiser, with Miss Mattle Schneider, as Mrs. Althrop, a young widow Mr. Bernhardt Niemeyer as Maj. Arthur Wellington Twembly, Mr. Edward C. Haneke as Hon. Henry Belsize, Mr. Otto Nie meyer as Roland Oliver and Miss Grace

Ross as Bessie, the maid.

This was followed by Sydney Grundy's three-act play, entitled "Snowball," with the following cast: Patrick J. Ford as Felix Featherstone, a practical joker; John C. Gartland as Uncle John, who does not understand; Otto Niemeyer as Harry Prendergast, who is in the joke; Edward C. Haneke as Saunders, a man servant; Miss Grace Ross as Mrs. Featherstone, who presses the joke; Miss Mattle Schneider as Ethel Granger, an innocent victim; Miss Flora Snyder as Penelope, an avenging Venus. It was Miss Snyder's initial appearance with the club.

If the weather permits, tomorrow will witness the first of the jubilee processions from Trinity Church in honor of the holy year. The members of the congregation will assemble in the church, and after a short service will, at 3 o'clock, start on a tour to include a visit to each of three other churches. The route will be out N to 28th street; to Pennsylvania avenue to St. Stephen's Church, corner of 25th street. Upon leaving here the procession will pass out L street to 15th to St. Augustine's, and after a brief stop will proceed out M street to St. Matthew's Church, where the proession will dishand

The little tots of the primary department of the Dumbarton Avenue M. E. Church gave a successful "old folks" party" in entertainment of their parents and relatives last evening in the lecture room of the church. The affair was under the direction of Mrs. Isaac Birch, and an interesting program was rendered, in which about 100 of the children took part. Mrs. Grace Hays Lowe has left town for

of New York city and Rev. J. Morris Core of Norwalk, Conn.
Mr. Charles Stohlman is in New York on a visit for recuperation of his

VERDICT OF GUILTY.

George R. Davis Convicted of Larceny and Embezzlement. A verdict of guilty was rendered this af-

ternoon in Criminal Court No. 1 in the case of George R. Davis, the former Southern Express Company messenger, charged with the larceny and embezzlement of \$1,000. The case was given to the jury shortly before noon after a thorough charge by Justice Barnard. Davis was remanded to the Dis-trict jail to await sentence. It is believed his counsel will move for a new trial early next week, for it was stated in court today that a motion for bail would be made Mon-day or Tuesday next. The case was a stubbornly fought one throughout, occupying the attention of Criminal Court No. 1 all the past week. The prosecution was conducted by Mr. Ashley M. Gould, assistant United States district attorney, and the de-fendant was represented by Mr. Fred. Beall. Davis was formerly employed by the ex-press company above mentioned and his run was between this city and Atlanta, Ga. two years ago, it was alleged in the trial, the company began to miss money packages from its pouches, and suspicion was directed to young Davis. It was stated that a seal such as was used by the company on money packages was found in his ossession, having been made, it was declared, by a firm in this city upon the order of Davis. A strong point brought out against Davis was that when interviewed Lyon Bros., sewer A, class 1, 48 cents; class 3, 69 cents; sewer B, class 1, 75 cents; class 2, \$5; class 3, \$12; class 4, 69 cents; class 5, \$700 of it."

Davis was recently convicted in the local courts of assault with intent to kill, it be-\$1; class 2, \$12; class 3, 60 cents; class 4, 85 ing alleged that he shot at the stamp mancents; sewer D, class 1, 50 cents; class 2, ufacturer who identified him as the person \$11.50; class 3, \$19; class 4, \$6.50; class who ordered the seal which figured in the trial ended today. Davis was sentenced to ly afterward was pardoned by the Presi

DIED FROM APOPLEXY.

Word as to End of War Department

Disbursing Clerk. Word was received at the War Department this afternoon that Mr. William S. Yeatman, disbursing clerk of that department for the past fifteen years, died suddenly from an attack of apoplexy at York. Pa. about 8 o'clock this morning. The report circulated rapidly through the War Department, where Mr. Yeatman was well known and universally respected, and caused temporary excitement on account of the unexpectedness of the news. Mr. Yeatman owned a small farm near York, and went last night to attend to some pressing business, saying that would return to Washington this morning. His place of residence in this city was 1713

Mr. Yeatman was one of the best-known government officials in this city, having been a life-long resident here. He was appointed a clerk of class 1 in the office the depot quartermaster in October, 1861, and served there for twenty-five years, ris-ing to the grade of a fourth-class clerk. During that period the depot quartermaster's office was situated in a building at the corner of 15th street and Pennsylvania avenue, the site of the present Regent Hotel. In October, 1886, Mr. Yeatman was appointed disbursing clerk of the War Department, and had filled that office faithfully and efficiently ever since.

Favors Grant of Permit.

District Commissioner Macfarland has moved that the Department of the Potomac, G. A. R., be permitted to canvass the municipal building for the purpose of so-liciting contributions for Memorial day ex-ercises, and it is understood his associates

will adopt his suggestion. Washington Stock Exchange. Sales—regular call, 12 o'clock m.—Capital Traction, 5 at 104%. Potomac Insurance, 10 at 72. Mergenthaler Linotype, 10 at 162%, 10 at 16%, 50 at 10%, 10 at 168, 108 bit fiet of Columbia Bonds.—3.65s, 1924, funding, 124% bid.

Miscellaneous Bonds.—Capital Traction 4s, 108 bid, 108% asked. Washington Traction and Elec-District of Columbia Bonds.—3,65s, 1924, funding, 1244, bid.

Miscellaneous Bonds.—Capital Traction 4s, 108 bid, 108½ asked. Washington Traction and Electric coll. 4½s, 68½ bid, 69 asked. Metropolitan Railroad 5s, 119 bid, 121 asked. Metropolitan Railroad cert. indebt., A, 107 bid. Metropolitan Railroad cert. indebt., B, 107 bid. Columbia Railroad 2d mort. 5s, 107 bid. City and Suburban Railroad 2d mort. 5s, 107 bid. City and Suburban Railroad 5s, 94 bid. Anacostia and Potomac 5s, 92 bid. Washington Gas 6s, series A, 110 bid. U. S. Electric Light cert. indebt, 6s, 103 bid, 110 asked. U. S. Electric Light cert. indebt, 6s, 103 bid, 110 asked. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone 5s, 106½ bid, 108½ asked. American Security and Trust 4s, 100 bid. Washington Market 1st 6s, 110 bid. Masonic Hall Association 5s, 106 bid, 108 asked. American Graphophone deb. 5s, 100 bid, 108 asked. Safe Deposit and Trust Companies.—National Safe 5s, 100 bid, 103 asked.

Safe Deposit and Trust Companies.—National Safe Deposit and Trust, 145 bid. Washington Loan and Trust, 230 bid, 231 asked. American Security and Trust, 230 bid, 231 asked. Washington Safe Deposit, 68 bid. Union Trust and Storage, 108% bid, 109 asked.

National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington, 410 bid, 440 asked. Metropolitan, 725 bdd. Central, 225 bid. Farmers and Mechanics', 230 bid. Second, 165 bid. Citizens', 170 bid. Columbia, 175 bid. Capital, 160 bid, 170 asked. West End, 120 bid. Traders', 135 bid. Lincoln, 122 bid, 124 asked. bid. Traders', 135 bid. Lincoln, 122 bid, 124 asked.
Raliroad Stocks.—Capital Traction, 104½ bid, 104½ asked. City and Suburban, 25 bid. Franklin, 45 bid, 52½ asked. Metropolitan, 77 bid, 34 asked. Corcoran, 65 bid. Potomac, 71½ bid, 75 asked. Arlington, 29½ bid, 30½ asked. German-American, 220 bid. National Union, 9 bid, 9½ asked. Columbia, 11% bid. Riggs, 7½ bid, 8½ asked. People's, 6 bid, 6½ asked. Commercial, 4 bid. Colonial, 116 bid, 120 asked. Commercial, 4 bid. Colonial, 116 bid, 120 asked. Columbia Title, 13½ bid, 5 asked. Washington Title, 3½ bid, 4½ asked. District Title, 5 bid. Telephone, Stocks.—Chesapeake and Potomac, x78

Grain, Provisions and Cotton Markets CHICAGO, April 20.-Grain:

Washington Stocks.—Chesapeake and Potomac, x78 bld, 74½ asked.
Gas Stocks.—Washington Gas, x57½ bld, 58 asked.
Miscellaneous Stocks.—Mergenthaler Linotype, 162% bld, 162% asked. Lanston Monotype, 14½ bld, 14½ asked. American Graphophone com., 10½ bld, 10½ asked. American Graphophone pref., 11% bld, 12 asked. Washington Market, 15 bld, 17 asked. Norfolk and Washington Steamboat, x160 bld.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, April 20.-The volume of business in today's short speculative session was again up to record proportions, and was, for the most part, quite as good in character as that of yesterday. London sent over a higher range of prices and was a moderate buyer of the better known international issues. The strength of the market was especially encouraging in view of

FINANCE AND TRADE

Stocks Reached a New High-water

Mark Today.

CONFIDENCE IN BETTER PRICES

Brooklyn Rapid Transit Crossed

the 85 Mark Again.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

throughout the day. Considerable realizing was noticeable at times, but stocks were well taken, and many hitherto neglected shares were given new prominence. For the first time in several weeks Brooklyn Rapid Transit was allowed to cross 85, and indications point to a movement of more than usual significance. The adjournment of the state legislature on Tuesday is popularly supposed to be favorable to several schemes of a local nature. Such schemes include developments in the Traction and Gas stocks es-

the fact that telegraph business, especially

with Chicago and the west, was interrupted

pecially. The Burlington operation has reached a stage at which considerable speculative realizing is encouraged. The Eric and Northern Pacific shares have lacked snap for several days, heavy selling of them being conducted under cover of the strength elsewhere. The buying of St. Paul, which was a significant feature of yesterday's market, was resumed with considerable vigor today. Just at the close a price of 170 was recorded for it.

This price is considerably above the top level reached at the time of the original deal. Now that a new interest has de-veloped, the street is flooded with rumors of new consolidations in the middle west. The street is delayed with more or less plausible rumors affecting all the leading properties and conservatism is trampled under foot in the wild scramble to buy precedented market is that the financial situation remains comparatively healthy in the presence of the speculative conta-

gion. Leading bankers have never waiv-ered in their confidence that no money stringency was threatening. Yesterday's 2,000,000 shares in five hours was followed by today's record of 614,000 shares in ne hour, and not one doubts the ability of the banks to finance these operations on Monday.

There will be profits in many of the shares represented in this remarkable vol-ume of business by that time, however, and some time between the first and the middle of the week heavy realizing may be expected. Following recent precedent, however, one group of stocks may be used

to cover up the selling elsewhere, and the change from one stock to another may be accomplished without concern.

The frequent use of such expedients will go a long way toward preventing a serious readjustment of values. Prices are in numerous instances too high and the forced recognition of value is inevitable. The street has it in its power to conduct the

out disturbance, if it begins before an ac-Accidents are the dread of those in reason profit-taking would not be unwel-

comed. Taking profits never hurt a mar-ket nor an individual—the selling after profits disappear is the real evil. The bank statement was better than had been expected. The gain in lawful money has been \$6.

461.900, largely in specie. Loans are smaller by \$8,888,700, and the deposits show a fall-ing off of \$2,088,000. The reserve is in-100. This reserve is within \$28,000 of the amount held at this date last year.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL New York Stock Market. Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers

and brokers, 1419 F st., members New York stock exchange, correspondents Messrs. La denburg, Thalmann & Co., New York. American Cotton Oil..... Am. Steel and Wire...... 48% 48% 48%

238 47½ 105 181 234% 47% 106 181 Con. Tobacco... Federal Steel, pfd ..

Metropolitan Traction... Manhattan Elevated..... National Lead Co.. orthern Pacific.

orthern Pacific, pfd.... ennsylvania R. R. People's Gas..... Phila. & Reading,1st uthern Rallway... Texas Pacific Tenn. Coal and Iron.....

Leather, pfd. Rubber..... nalgamated Copper.... Erie, 1st, pfd.

BALTIMORE, April 20.-Flour dull, un

receipts, 16,253 barrels; exports, 686 barrels. Wheat dull and steady; spot and the month, 77½a ed; steamer No. 2 red, 74% a75; receipts, 45,466 bushels; southern by sample, 71a78; do. on grade, 75½a78. Corn dull and steady; mixed, spot, the month and May, 47½a47½; steamer mixed, 46½a 46½; receipts, 81,376 bushels; southern white corn, 48a48½; do. yellow, 47½a48. Onts steady; No. 2 white, 33a33½; No. 2 mixed, 31a31½; receipts, 94,215 bushels. Rye firm; No. 2 nearby, 57a58; No. 2 western, 58a59; receipts, 812 bushels. Hay strong; No. 1 timothy, \$17.50 bid. Grain freights steady, unchanged. Butter firm and unchanged; fancy imitation, 17a19; fancy creamery, 21a22; fucy ladle, 15a16; fancy roll, 13a15; store packed, 10a12. Eggs firm and unchanged; fresh, 13½a14. Cheese firm and unchanged; large and medium, 11½; small, 11½. Sugar firm and unchanged; fine and coarse granulated, 5.55.